

## AS A HUMAN SHIELD.

Laidlaw says Russell Sage Used Him for that Purpose.

## WAS HE DRAGGED BETWEEN

The Broker and the Dynamite?—Mr. Sage Emphatically Denies that He was—The Story Which the Humble Broker Tells of Sage's Sudden Cordiality.

New York, December 10.—A queer story of the circumstances attending the bomb explosion in Russell Sage's office is told by W. R. Laidlaw, the clerk for John Bloodgood & Co., who is still at the St. Vincent's Hospital under treatment for the injuries which he received on that occasion.

According to Mr. Laidlaw, the banker only escaped serious injury, and perhaps death, by shoving him (Laidlaw) between himself and the bomb-thrower at the instant the explosion took place.

In other words, Russell Sage is accused of having made the poor clerk a sort of human shield to protect himself against the threatened assault of the crazy dynamite.

Mr. Sage was talking to the man, Laidlaw says, when he entered the office. The banker seemed to be very nervous and scared, and was pale and trembling.

As soon as he saw Laidlaw, according to the latter, he grasped him by the hand and shook it warmly, telling him he was delighted to see him, and asking him to walk into his private office.

As Mr. Sage had never before even deigned to notice the humble broker's clerk, the latter was dumbfounded by this exhibition of cordiality.

USED THE CLERK AS A SHIELD.

The banker had grabbed Laidlaw's hand so tightly that it hurt, and the latter tried to wrench it away. Mr. Sage began to go backward toward the entrance of his private office, dragging Laidlaw with him and keeping him between himself and the bomb-thrower.

It was at this moment Mr. Laidlaw is reported as saying that the explosion took place, and the clerk received the full force of the shock in his back and side, while Mr. Sage escaped with a few scratches about the head and face.

"The injuries received by Laidlaw, the hospital surgeon says, are all on his back and side, showing that he stood with his back to the bomb-thrower when the explosion took place."

RUSSELL SAGE DENIES IT.

Mr. Sage denies this story, and says that when he had handed back the type-written document which the dynamite presented to him he stepped backward to his office, when Mr. Laidlaw came forward to hand a message to him.

He says he did not take Laidlaw's hand, or even receive the paper which he extended to him, for the explosion came so suddenly that he had no time to say or do anything.

SAYS LAIDLAW WASN'T BETWEEN THEM.

He also says that Laidlaw did not stand between himself and the bomb-thrower, although the clerk had his back turned to the latter at that moment.

Mr. Sage himself was blown full of pieces of glass and splinters, and Mr. Munn spent two or three hours afterwards in picking the bits out of his body.

The identity of the bomb-thrower, whose head is still on exhibition at the morgue, has not yet been established, although several more persons have declared that they have recognized him.

BIG JAIL DELIVERY.

Eleven Convicts Succeeded in Escaping at Galesburg, Illinois.

GALESBURG, ILL., Dec. 10.—A big jail delivery took place here last night. The prisoners cut off three iron bars an inch thick guarding one of the windows, made a rope of the bed ticks and descended in safety. Of the eleven who escaped three were sent here from Princeton for safe keeping. It is thought that there was outside assistance. The saws were found on the ground. The delivery was not discovered until this morning, and none of the fugitives have been recaptured. All save three were in for misdemeanors, and these three were burglars.

A Village Destroyed.

DENVER, COLO., Dec. 10.—A telegram received this afternoon from Pinos Altos, says: At 9:30 this morning fire was discovered in a vacant frame building in the center of town. Not a drop of water was accessible and the whole town was soon in flames. Men, women and children turned out and fought the fire, but the dry buildings burned like tinder, destroying nearly the entire town. Only two buildings were saved, they being Bell & Stephens and A. F. Leek's store. The loss will reach \$100,000. The fire is thought to have been incendiary.

Burned.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence.

CALDWELL, O., Dec. 10.—The barn on the farm of Hon. L. W. Finley about ten miles east of Caldwell was entirely consumed by fire to-day caused by sparks from an engine, together with its contents, which was baled hay. The loss is estimated at over \$1,000, fully covered by insurance. His fine residence was burned only a few months ago.

Creosote Works Burned.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., Dec. 10.—Explosion & Russell's creosote works were destroyed by fire this morning, causing a loss of \$40,000.

Fatally Burned.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Dec. 10.—By an explosion of hot metal at the Lucy furnace this morning, Joseph Mendotto and Frank Garrado were fatally burned and three men were seriously burned.

Invented the Sea Telephone.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—George W. Stewart, a southerner, and inventor of the sea telephone, died suddenly of heart disease. Mr. Stewart was born in Atlanta, Georgia, forty-eight years ago.

Ex-Senator Everts Son Dead.

WINDSOR, VT., Dec. 10.—C. B. Everts, son of Hon. Wm. E. Everts, was found dead in bed this morning.

"My Daughter's Life"

Was saved by Hood's Sarsaparilla," says Mr. B. B. Jones, of Anna, Maine. "She had seven running sores in different places on her body, but on giving her Hood's Sarsaparilla there was marked improvement and now she is well, strong and healthy."

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Annual Report of the Attorney General Submitted to Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The annual report of Attorney General Miller was submitted to Congress to-day.

It reviews the business of the United States Supreme Court and devotes a chapter to the circuit court of appeals, which he says has been organized in each circuit and is ready for business, although the additional circuit judge in each court has not yet been appointed.

It was found that the court could be organized and such business as might be transacted could be transacted without such judges, and their appointment was, therefore, delayed until such appointments could be acted on by the senate. It is necessary, he says, that some provision be made for the care of the business of the government in the circuit court of appeals. In each circuit there are several districts, and, of course, government cases will be carried by writ of error or appeal from each of such districts into the circuit court of appeals. The law as it stands authorizes and requires no one to appear for the government in such court. He suggests that each district attorney be required to follow and care for the cases from his district in the court of appeals. He also favors the appointment of deputy clerks of these courts.

On the subject of United States prisons, the attorney general says: "In pursuance of recommendations in the annual report of this department for the years 1889-1890, a bill was passed by the last Congress authorizing the construction of three United States prisons to be located, one north and another south of the thirty-ninth degree of north latitude, and east of the Rocky mountains and the third west of the Rocky mountains, but in an evident inadvertence, failed to make any appropriation for the purchase of such sites and the erection of such buildings. I recommend that the appropriations evidently contemplated by that act be made so that this work may go forward."

After speaking of the well known difficulties in the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act, he says: "If it is desired that these laws shall be made effective, they should be so changed as that they cannot be misunderstood. To arrest and try such persons, and, as the result, simply send them back across the British line, is shown to be an idle expenditure of time, labor and money, by the fact that as might well be expected the same persons have to be arrested and tried over and over again. Moreover, it is quite uncertain whether an order requiring Chinese prisoners to be sent back to the British dominions can be made effective."

In a recent case, originating at Fargo, the authorities of British Columbia refused to permit two Chinamen to be returned across the border unless on payment of \$50 head tax for each, which, of course, the marshal refused to pay.

These persons we now have on our hands and have no way of disposing of them according to law. This subject demands prompt consideration."

The attorney general reviews the legal proceedings in the case of the Chilean steamer *Itata* at considerable length.

Suits pending in California courts against the Central Pacific railroad, Southern Pacific railroad and Western Union Telegraph company are dealt upon at considerable length.

THE CROP REPORTS.

Returns of the Statistical Bureau of the Agricultural Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The returns of the statistical reports of the department of agriculture show that the condition of growing wheat is \$5.3.

The returns showing the condition of the coming crops of winter grains are not generally favorable. On the Atlantic coast some injury is reported on early sown crops from the Mexican fly. The season was not favorable for seeding in the south on account of continued dry weather.

In the western states seeding was late, the seed bed hard and cloddy, germination slow and growth favorable until November, when material improvement was seen in most fields. The figures for the principal states of the great wheat belt are: Ohio, 80; Michigan, 92; Indiana, 81; Illinois, 80; Iowa, 92; Missouri, 73; Kansas, 75; Nebraska, 95; California, 97. The average for New York is 97; Pennsylvania, 92; Maryland, 87; Virginia, 88; Georgia, 95; Texas, 70.

The returns duly consolidated make the average farm value of the current crops of the year—corn, 42.2 cents per bushel; wheat, \$5.3 rye, 77.4; barley, 44; oats, 32.2; buckwheat, 57.9; potatoes, 37.1; tobacco, cigar leaf, 14.6 pounds manufacturing and export leaf 31 per cent. Hay \$8.38 per ton. Condition of growing wheat is reported at \$5.3. The prices of all cereals have been remarkably sustained in view of the abundance of production.

OUR LAWYERS.

Second Day's Session of the National Bar Association.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The second day's session of the National Bar Association was begun this morning. The first business was the reception of the report of the committee appointed to nominate officers for the ensuing year. This report was presented by Mr. Carlisle, the chairman of the committee, and was unanimously adopted. The officers chosen were as follows: President, James C. Carter, New York, and among the vice presidents were Sherman Hoar, of Massachusetts; ex-Senator G. F. Edmunds, of Vermont; ex-Secretary T. F. Bayard, of Delaware; C. M. Blanchard, of Virginia; Senator John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, and A. C. Harris, of Indiana.

The first Wednesday after the second Monday in each year was fixed upon as the time for holding the annual meetings.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—President Harrison to-day sent to the Senate a list of appointments made during the recess of Congress which require confirmation by the senate. There were about 75 in all.

Secretary Foster's Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—Dr. Hamilton said this morning that Secretary Foster is steadily improving, and that his temperature has been normal for the past twenty-four hours.

Killed by a Blast.

RED JACKET, MICH., Dec. 10.—Matt Fink and Olaf Ericson, employed in the Tamarack mine, while recharging a hole in the level, were instantly killed by the unexpected discharge of the blast.

Sanitary and the World's Fair.

HARRISBURG, PA., Dec. 10.—At the meeting of the World's Fair Managers of Pennsylvania this afternoon, a resolution was unanimously adopted

recommending the closing of the gates on Sunday, petitions representing over 800,000 Christian people having been presented by a committee of ministers protesting against Sunday opening.

PRENTICE MULFORD.

The Romantic Story of His Career—Wrecked by a London Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Dec. 10.—Jim Gillis, an old miner of Sonora, Tuolumne county, makes public for the first time the mystery in the life of the late Prentice Mulford, who for years was his friend and companion. Mulford came to the mines near Sonora at the age of 21, and served as butcher, miner and school teacher. He wrote for the papers on the coast, and in 1866 was sent to London as correspondent for San Francisco newspapers.

One day in London he was accosted by a sixteen-year-old new girl, who asked him to buy a paper. He became interested, found she was an orphan living in a garret, and finally interested a lady in the child's behalf. Mulford bought the girl clothing and she was sent to school. She became a brilliant scholar and grew to be very beautiful. At the age of nineteen she married Mulford and the couple went to New York. She fell from grace, and Mulford confronted her with the proofs of her unfaithfulness. His heart was broken.

Having at that time a balance of \$3,800 in the Chemical Bank, he wrote a check for the full amount in her favor and went his own way, trying to forget her. Both were proud, and as neither would yield separation was final, although there was no divorce. Mrs. Mulford refused to accept all the money and took only half of it.

Mulford came West and turned up at Sonora drunk and penniless. James Gillis, an old mining friend, helped him, and for a time Mulford wrote syndicated letters. But he was ill at ease, and apparently lost interest in life. He went to Sugar Pine from Sonora, but came back unimproved. A lecture was arranged for his benefit in Sonora, in May, 1880. This was his last appearance in California. He returned to New York, and this year, some months since, was found dead in a rowboat. His widow is still believed to be residing in New York.

ELECTROCUTION A SUCCESS.

An Expert Says Lopsy Suffered No Pain and Died in One-Thirtieth of a Second.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Dr. Wheelock Ryder, the eminent specialist of this city, was one of the witnesses of the Lopsy execution at Sing Sing last Monday, although his name did not appear in the press reports. To a reporter the doctor said yesterday: "Yes, I was present at the execution."

"Do you regard the electrocution as successful?"

"Most decidedly I do, and it is certainly the most humane way of executing criminals, if we are going to execute them at all. There was nothing sickening, nothing terrible about the manner in which Lopsy met his death, notwithstanding the sensational newspaper reports of the execution. There was no odor of burning flesh, which so much has been said, nor frightful contortions."

"Was death instantaneous?"

"Yes, it was quicker than that. Death did not occur after the current was turned on, but the instant it was applied. Lopsy did not suffer. Suffering was impossible. Death occurred in one-thirtieth of a second and pain, if such it may be termed, which does not last longer than that, cannot cause suffering. Any pain which Lopsy suffered, I would be willing to endure all day."

"How long were the currents applied?"

"About fifty seconds."

A TERRIBLE FALL.

A Balloon Collapses and the Parachutist is Crushed to Death.

BOMBAY, Dec. 10.—An accident occurred here to-day, by which a daring parachutist met a most horrible death in the sight of many persons. The victim was Lieutenant Mansfield, who had gained quite a reputation by his thrilling jumps from a balloon at a great altitude. Friday he gave one of his exhibitions before a large crowd, among the auditors being the Governor of Bombay. When freed from the restraining ropes the huge air ship shot upward with lightning-like velocity, and the cheering was at once hushed, as the crowd at once perceived that something was wrong. The balloon had only reached a height of about 400 feet when it burst with a loud and startling explosion and immediately began to fall to the earth. Mansfield made the most desperate efforts to disengage the parachute from the collapsed balloon but it had become entangled in the ropes and the unfortunate man was soon forced to release his hold. The horrified spectators uttered cries of dismay as they saw his body come twirling towards them, and some of the ladies fainted at the terrible sight. Mansfield struck the ground with terrific force and was instantly killed. His body being crushed and mangled in a terrible manner.

An investigation into the cause of the accident revealed the fact that in a previous descent the balloon had fallen into the sea and been somewhat damaged, and that the break then sustained had been improperly repaired, with the fatal result related.

MILLS FOR THE SENATE.

He Will be a Candidate Against Chilton Next Spring.

GALVESTON, Dec. 10.—The defeat of Roger Q. Mills for the speakership has given widespread support, it is said, to the efforts of his admirers to elect him to the United States Senate. Governor Hogg has stated that an extra session of the legislature will be held in March or April. The election of a successor to John M. Reagan will be one of the duties of the body. Senator Chilton holds his appointment from the governor, and although a candidate for election by the legislature, the friends of Mills are said to be confident of electing the tariff reform champion.

The Johnson County War Over.

CHEYENNE, WYO., Dec. 10.—The war in Johnson county is over. The cowboy contingent has left Buffalo and that town is quiet. Canton, the deputy United States marshal charged with the killing of Tisdale, the first rustler assassinated, has been acquitted. Canton established an alibi by the sworn statements of business men. It is reported that many of the small ranchmen will leave the Powder river country in the spring. State officials are determined to break up the gangs of rustlers.

Three Ladies Asphyxiated.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 10.—Three ladies, the Misses Donans, of London, Eng., were asphyxiated at the Grand Central Hotel last night. One of the sisters aroused herself and gave the alarm, and all are now improving.

## SPEAKER CRISP'S ROMANCE.

Has Away With a Georgia Belle Who Doubted His Fidelity.

AMERICAN, (Ga.), Special to Chicago Tribune.

To-day two old people, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Burton, of Ellaville, Ga., a town sixteen miles from Americus, were seen driving into the city. Happiness complete was pictured on their honorable and wrinkled faces. They came to enjoy the good fortune of the day with their daughter, Mrs. Judge Crisp. In 1867 their beloved daughter, Miss Clara, the belle of Southwestern Georgia, possessed of wealth, beauty, and, as time has since proved, good judgment, eloped and married Charles F. Crisp, a poor young lawyer, who, in those days, was a rich young Southern planter's bete noir. Mr. and Mrs. Burton have lived to rejoice and applaud their daughter's choice; for as a husband and a father, Charles F. Crisp has proved himself true to every duty and trust. It is not a rich man, but the comforts of life he has always provided for his family. He is worshiped by his wife and children, loved and honored by his neighbors; and as a fitting sequel to his career he was on December 7, 1891, selected Speaker of the House by his countrymen, a trust he will hold sacred and whose every duty he will faithfully perform.

The gavel for the next Speaker of the House of Representatives was made to-day out of Georgia oak, mounted with gold, and engraved by an American jeweler. It will go by to-morrow's express to Judge Crisp, a present from the citizens of his home.

O. C. GENTHER sells Watches and Jewelry wholesale and retail.

Two Things

In Regard to Catarrh.

1st, It is a Constitutional Disease;

2d, It Requires a Constitutional Remedy.

These two facts are now so well known to the medical fraternity that local applications, like mercurials and inhalants, are regarded as at best likely to give only temporary relief.

To Effect a Permanent Cure of Catarrh requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which by purifying the blood and imparting healthy tone to the affected organs, does thoroughly cure.

Read this from Mr. P. B. Stout, a well-known merchant and lumberman of Sheridan, Ind.:

"I want to say for the benefit of suffering humanity, that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a permanent cure for

Catarrh.

After suffering with catarrh in my head for a number of years, and using every obtainable remedy, I was requested by our druggist, Mr. C. E. Elliott, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and after using three or four bottles I am healed of the most annoying disease the human system is heir to."

An "A No. 1" Man.

"The above testimonial is from an A No. 1 man of wealth and influence." C. E. ELLIOTT, druggist, Sheridan, Indiana. "I have used

Hood's Sarsaparilla

for Catarrh and received permanent benefit from it."

J. F. HUNNARD, Sheriff, Ill.

HOOD'S PILLS—For the liver and bowels, act easily, promptly, efficiently. Price 25c.

A PATRIOTIC WORK.

Every person who is opposed to Free Trade Slavery and favors American Industrial Independence secured through the policy of Protection, should read the documents published by the American Protective Tariff League.

A patriotic citizen, it is your duty to place these documents in the hands of your friends. They are interesting and instructive, and embrace discussions of all phases of the Tariff question. The League publishes over 50 different documents, comprising nearly 600 pages of plainly printed, carefully edited and reliable information. Among the authors of these documents are: Hon. James G. Blaine; Wm. McKinley, Jr., Governor of Ohio; Senator S. M. Callom, of Illinois; Senator Joseph N. Dolph, of Oregon; Senator A. S. Ladd, of Nebraska; Senator Frye, of Maine; Senator Casey, of North Dakota; Senator Justin S. Morrill, of Vermont; Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island; Hon. Thomas H. Dudley, of New Jersey; Hon. Robert P. Porter, of Washington; Prof. J. R. Dodge, of the Agricultural Department at Washington; Commodore W. H. T. Hughes; Hon. E. A. Hatch, of Ohio; Hon. C. C. Cousens, of Iowa; Hon. B. F. Jones, of David Hall Rice, of Boston; Ex-Congressman Perkins, of Kansas; Dr. E. P. Miller, of New York; Hon. Geo. Draper, of Mass.; Hon. C. L. Edwards, of Texas; Judge Wm. Lawrence, of Ohio; Hon. D. G. Harrison, of New York; Hon. Geo. S. Boutwell, of Mass.; Hon. E. H. Amidown, of New York; Enoch Enslay, of Tennessee.

This complete set of documents will be sent to any address, post paid, for Fifty (50) Cents. Address, Wilbur F. Walcottman, Secy., No. 23 West Twenty-Third Street, New York.

SHOT GUNS.

SHOOTING SEASON

NOW OPEN.

And we are ready with the largest stock of Fine Reliable Guns

of any house in the State. We have the "Parker," "Lefever," "Colt," "Smith," "Prize Mauch," and all the good ones in the market, and at the very lowest prices.

125 Guns to Select From!

Our \$8.00 Gun is a Wonder to Shoot.

I. G. DILLON & CO.

JEWELERS.

627 Shells 10 cents.

HOW TO GET THEM.

If you want new customers, ask for them.

There are hundreds of people living within a mile of your store that don't know there is such a place, and they'll continue to be ignorant on the subject unless you take steps to inform them. Some of us are too apt to think that "everybody knows us."

Now, that line of thought is a mighty bad one for business men. If they permit themselves to be deceived by it, they are pretty sure to "get left."

Seek publicity. Keep your name and your store's location constantly before the people. Use the newspapers—there's nothing like it.

COAL! COAL!

All grades of the best quality of COAL kept constantly on hand. Orders filled in all parts of the city at lowest prices.

Telephone 923.

KOEHLNE BROS.,

Bridgeport, Ohio.



## Which—Man or Shirt?

Has the man grown, or has the flannel shrunk? Usually, the shirt is to blame. No, not that, either—but the way it's washed.

Flannels ought to be washed with Pearline. If you're buying new ones, start right. Have them washed only with Pearline (direction on every package) and they won't shrink. As for the old ones, Pearline can't make them any larger, but begin with it at once and it will keep them from growing smaller. It will keep them from the wear and tear of the washboard, too.

As one wash is sufficient to ruin flannels, great care should be exercised as to the use of the many imitations which are being offered by unscrupulous grocers or peddlers. Pearlina is never needed. 311 JAMES PYLE, N. Y.

## Danger

THE MIGHTY DOLLAR—M. HEYMAN.

Can be made still more mighty by taking advantage of some of the Christmas Bargains we are now offering. There is not a store in the city where a dollar will go further than at M. HEYMAN'S. It's a puzzling time, isn't it? Your thoughts are on the Holidays and Holiday Gifts. What is there more acceptable to a man or boy than a nice

SUIT OR OVERCOAT

We have a complete line in FURNISHING GOODS of all that is useful for men and boys:

Fine Neckwear, Dress Shirts, Silk Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fine Umbrellas, Kid Gloves, Silk Suspenders, Jewelry, Etc., Etc.

The Neckwear we are selling at 25c is equal to what other houses are selling at 50c.

JUST RECEIVED:—100 Short Pants Suits, handsomely made and trimmed, some with Imitation Vests \$1.90. They are cheap at \$3.50, and the biggest bargain that has been offered this season.

SEE ELEVENTH STREET WINDOW DISPLAY.

M. HEYMAN,

Cor. Main and Eleventh Streets.

N. B.—Ask for one of our Handsome Christmas Cards.

AUCTION SALES.

J. C. HERVEY, AUCTIONEER,

Will sell the complete stock of unredeemed Jewelry of W. H. FRANK & CO., commencing Monday, December 14, at 7 p. m., evenings only. Stock consists of an immense quantity of Watches, Rings, Revolvers, Guns, etc., all of which have been refinished and are as good as new. Every article offered will be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve and fully warranted as represented.

W. H. FRANK & CO.,

1210 Market St., Under McLure House.

FREW & BERTSCHY—FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING.

Our First Word is Bargains

And All From a Practically Unlimited Line of

BRIGHT

NEW STYLES

Facts and Figures Convince All Comers That we Offer the Opportunity of the Season in

Parlor and Bed Room Suits, Mantel Mir